

The Mint Master

Utah Numismatic Society

Presidents Message

May 2018

Volume 65, Issue 5

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May's Agenda

- ♦ Greetings
Larry Nielsen
- ♦ Mini Exhibit
UNS Type Set/Proof Sets
and Club Medals
- ♦ New & Views
Robie Cagle
- ♦ Coin Quiz
Larry Kimura
- ♦ Refreshments
UNS Club

Well here we are, the past two months we have had two of the backbone supporters of our club speak. Al Rust has so much knowledge about coins and paper money then to follow up with Bob Campbell who spoke about counterfeits really capped off two exceptional meetings. These two gentlemen know far more about numismatics than I will ever know. We do have some very knowledgeable people in the UNS and my appreciation goes out to them and to all of you who support our club.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY—This month we celebrate the birthday of the UNS. We will have a special cake and lots of prizes. Don Swain will be working on our UNS medal this year so bring your ideas so we can vote on what will be displayed on this years medal. If we have time I will be calling on some of our old-time members to say a few words in reminiscence. We are going to have a Grand Birthday.

In preparation for our June meeting which will be held on June



12th we are planning another outstanding 'Youth Night.' Phil Clark always does an outstanding job organizing this meeting which is always one our highest attended meetings of the year. Plan on engaging and bringing your Cub Scout and Boy Scout groups as well as any kids and grandkids. We will all have a great time.

See you all at our Birthday party on May 8th.

Larry Nielsen
UNS President

**NEXT
MEETING
7PM
TUESDAY
MAY 8th**



Tidbits from California and the 1849 Gold Rush Part 2

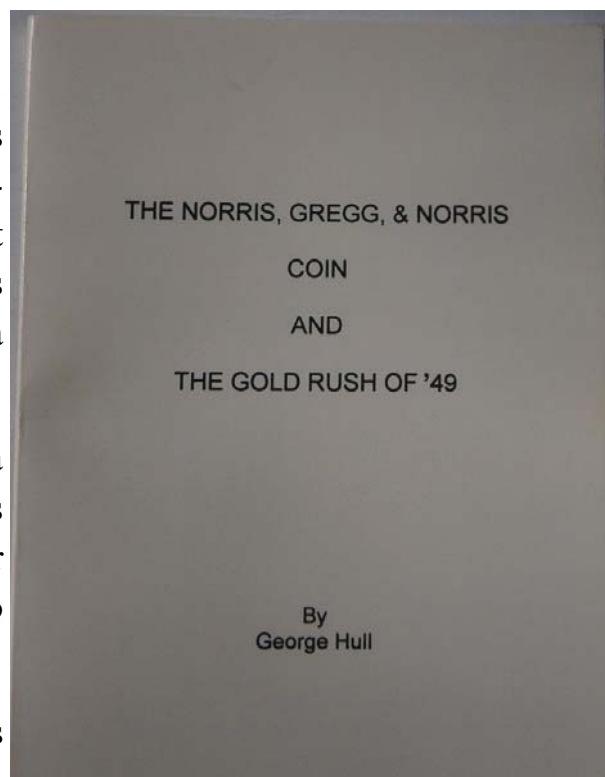
Doug Nyholm

Gambling was very common in San Francisco. It was common to see large piles of gold on the many gaming tables. Stakes ranged from 50 cents to \$1 but rose quickly to \$500 or \$1000. Amounts as high as \$45,000 were reported wagered on the single turn of a card.

Many of the gambling dens were simply housed in a tent with dirt floors at first. Empty barrels served as chairs while the tables were simply planks laid over two sawhorses. What women were there were also frequently seen at these tables.

Most gamblers were honest. It was amazing that this was the case with so much gold present. In a way it lessened the perception of just how much wealth was omnipresent.

The need for actual coinage was soon felt. One of the first to be used were the tokens issued by the North West Company. These have been thought to have been used only in the Northwest and noted as the 1820 Beaver tokens. Each was thought to be worth one beaver pelt. Five beaver pelts could purchase one Hudson Bay blanket.



Weighing and transportation of gold dust and nuggets was crudely done. There were only crude ways this was accomplished. There were only crude scales and the consistency of the fineness was for most impossible to ascertain. Significant loss was also incurred in handling.

Everyday expenses and real estate costs rapidly rose. During the cold winters of 1849 and 1850 many miners would return to the warmer climate near San Francisco. One report was of an entrepreneur who returned to Benicia, rented a house for \$500/month, employed a cook for \$150 and hired two stewards for \$125 each (one a

housekeeper and the other a bartender) and still cleared over \$12,000 in 11 months. Single lots sold for as much as \$2500 in San Francisco.



Names of many towns were also changed. The original name of Stockton was Castoria. Castoria meant 'beaver settlement' due to the multitudes of beaver trappers

who settled in the area.

The gold found in California was of two basic types known as scale and course. Most was sent to San Francisco where it was melted into ingots. One of the many ways of transport was in a miner's belt.



These were made from buckskin, doubled over and between two to four inches wide. There was a opening at one end to place the gold evenly, then worn by the miner. \$15000 worth of raw gold could be transported in this manner.

General Mason toured the gold fields near Coloma where 4,000 miners were digging. There was between \$50,000 and \$100,000 removed every month. Two miners removed over \$17,000 of gold in one week from Weber Creek.

Another story of fantastic wealth is when a James Carson saw a decrepit bent over figure walking towards him. Carson finally recognized him through his long hair, beard, and filthy buckskins with a large bag strung over his back. He said it was gold which he had dug during the last five weeks near Placerville. Carson didn't believe the man when he took the bag and dumped it at his feet. It was not dust but full of nuggets ranging in size from peas to eggs. He stated this is only what I could pry out with a knife.

Another story from Antonio Franco Coronel saw some gold that some local Indians had accumulated. He secretly followed them to a ravine known as Canada del Barro. It was about 1,000 yards long and rich with gold. On



Oct. 7, 1848 he recovered 45 oz of gold. Another fellow miner, Lorenzo Soto gathered 52 pounds of nuggets in 8 days, one was a 25-pound nugget that was found in a ravine near the

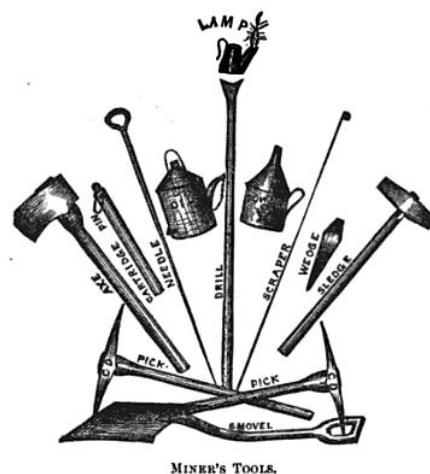
Stanilasas River. Another nugget weighing 27 pounds was found at Kelsey's dry diggings.

The Stockton Times reported a story on April 6, 1850 of the many miners working the gold fields in Sonora. Many were pulling 20 or more ounces every day while one hole in particular yielded its miner 37 pounds of gold in just 3 days.

Tools used for mining were scarce also. Picks, pans, and shovels ranged from \$50 to \$200 each, knives from \$10 to \$25.

A Mr. Aachariah opened a store in 1850 measuring only 6x10 feet in size. With an initial investment of \$50 in clothing he went on to realize over \$21,500 in just six months.

Crude scales were used to measure and weigh gold. One related story told of the use of a silver dollar which was used as a 1 oz weight. This was significantly less than an ounce netting the buyer excess profit.



Talk of establishing a U.S. Assay office in San Francisco was first mentioned as early as July 22, 1848. One of the first to assay gold in San Francisco was Frederick Kohler who was a jeweler from New York.



In 1851 a significant amount of gold was shipped from California to the mint in Dahlonega GA. There was \$214,000 of California gold used for coinage in Dahlonega compared to only \$155,000 of local Georgia gold.

The territorial gold coins which appeared in 1850 also had problems. Many of them were underweight. This was also reported with the Mormon coins in Salt Lake City but in California the average \$5 gold coin weighed in at only \$4.82. In contrast, certain issues weighed in as much as \$5.96.

Additional problems were present with territorial gold. Counterfeits also appeared. They usually weighed in near normal, but many were gold plated Spanish coins.



The most accurate coins in content were those of Dubosq's at only 0.7% off while Baldwins coins were generally 3% off.

Norris Gregg & Norris ceased striking coins by April 20, 1851 shortly after the U.S. Assay office began operations in San Francisco on Feb. 1, 1851.

The first newspaper account indicated the appearance of the Norris Gregg & Norris coins as of May 31, 1849.

The J.S. Ormsby coins were struck by the force of a sledge hammer. The other method utilized for territorial coins utilized a screw press as did the Bechtlers in Georgia.

On many California territorial gold coins, the initials S.M.V. appear. They indicate "Standard Mint Value."

There are three varieties of Norris Gregg & Norris gold coins.

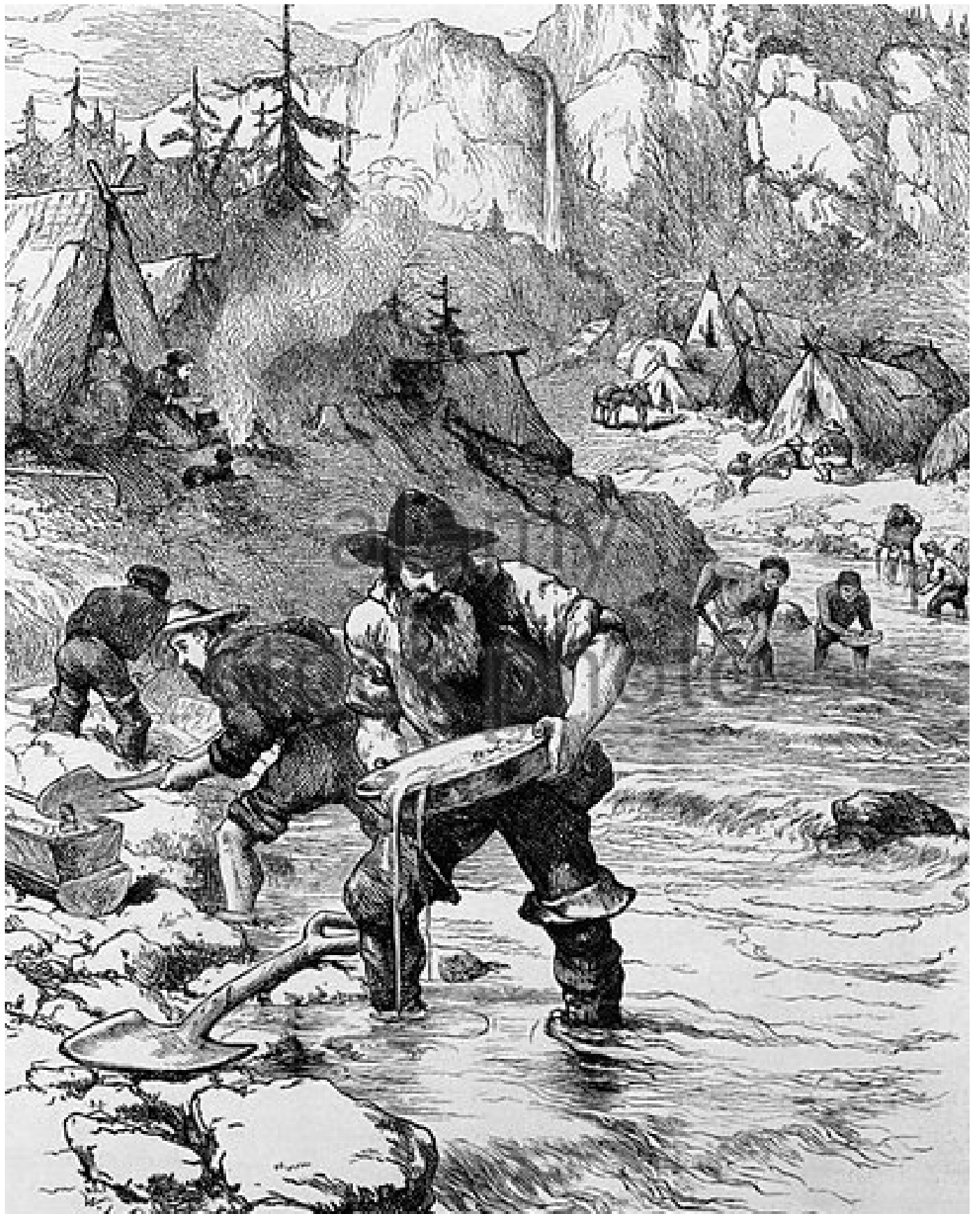
- 1) \$5 with a plain edge
- 2) \$5 with a reeded edge

Both of the above had San Francisco displayed

- 3) In 1850 they made another \$5 coin with Stockton indicated on the coin. Only one is known and it resides in the Smithsonian

The NG&N coins also stated they were of California Gold without alloy. This theoretically means just about anything in reference to fineness.





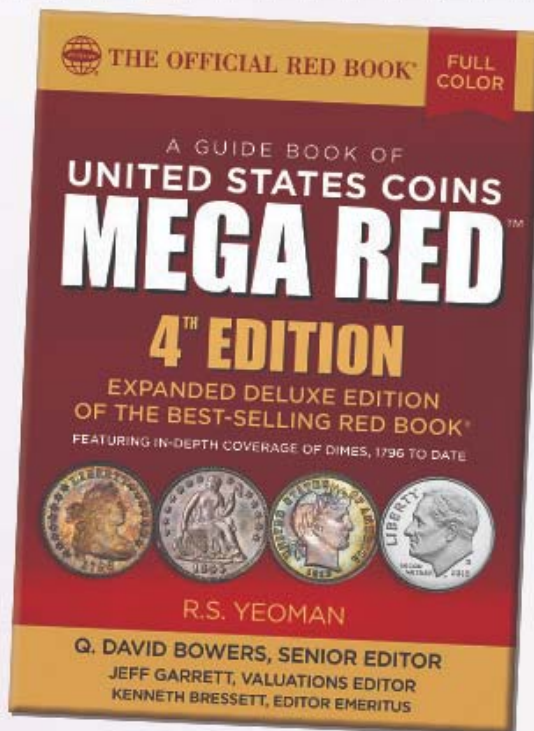
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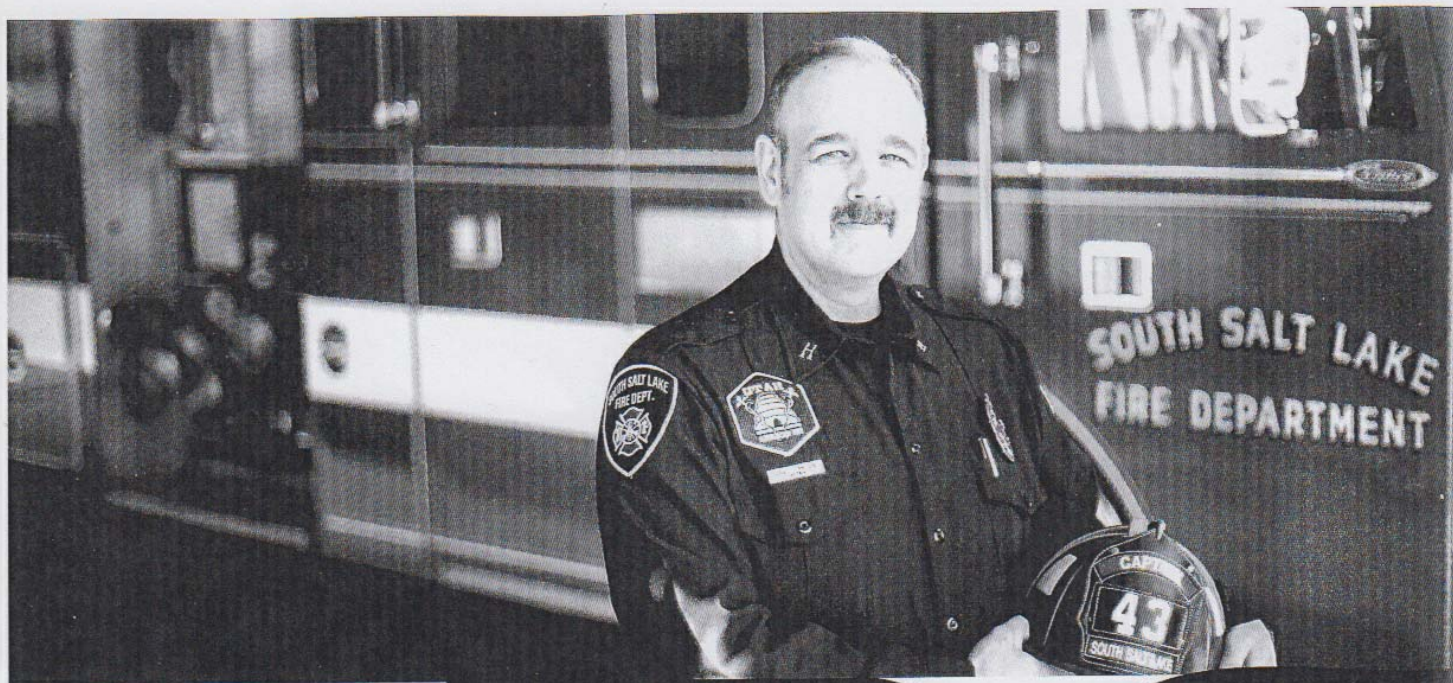
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As a young man, David Larsen started out taking classes in criminal justice, but ended up having to drop out of school and go to work for the next 20 years. Just three years ago, he decided that it was time to go back to college and finish what he started. He earned an associate degree in Emergency Services/Fire Officer and then his bachelor's in Emergency Services/Emergency Management from Utah Valley University.

Larsen said that going back to school at this point in his life still had its challenges. He had a career to balance, and as a firefighter, the schedule was anything but typical. Firefighters work 48 hours on and 96 hours off. And the schedule rotates. So, it was important to find a university that had a program that fit his schedule.

UVU met his needs because of the online classes available. Larsen was able to complete 100 percent of his courses online.

Larsen also became part of the Emergency Services Club. He also took an international study abroad which took him to the Balkans region of Europe, where he was able to visit seven countries. As someone who had never been out of the country, Larsen said this was an incredible experience.

The study abroad program had two components: to work with students at universities and then to work with local public safety officials.

While at the universities, he was able to teach things like how to set up a community

David Larsen

emergency response team (CERT) and was able to interact with local officials, agencies, and departments.

During that time, Larsen was able to work with local public safety officials in Macedonia and Bosnia-Herzegovina. UVU was able to foster a relationship with local governments with the intent to do some future exchanges of students and share programs.

Since graduating, Larsen has become chairman of the Utah Joint Council of Fire Service Organizations. In this position, he looks at any piece of legislations that has to do with the fire service in Utah and provides education and support to Utah legislators.

"The emergency services program at UVU does an excellent job at making it easily accessible and available to working professionals," Larsen says. "The program has been very well designed to accommodate these people."

— Suzanne Broadbent

Civil War Currency

Doug Nyholm

Civil War Coins & Currency



Part 1 – Encased Postage

There are three basic types of currency which came into use during the Civil War. These currencies were necessitated due to the scarcity and hoarding of specie because of the war.

They are:

- Encased Postage Stamps
- Civil War Tokens
- Fractional Currency

With the onset of the Civil War silver and gold coins very rapidly disappeared from circulation. Paper money from local banks was not trusted and the heyday of obsolete currency had passed. The local use of money for transacting business became very difficult. Brokers were buying up what little precious metal and coins were available and reselling them at a premium. By the middle of 1862 over \$25 million in coinage had been removed from circulation. The remaining coinage could be exchanged for 20% more than paper currency.



This made their face value fluxuate almost daily. Many businesses issued promissory notes which were not transferable and Civil War Tokens were also soon to appear for small denomination transactions.

The Federal government stepped in on July 17th, 1862 passing a law which enabled the use of postage stamps to pay debts of less than \$5 to the government. This law was miss-interpreted by almost everyone who then believed that stamps were a direct replacement, or alternative, for coinage or currency.



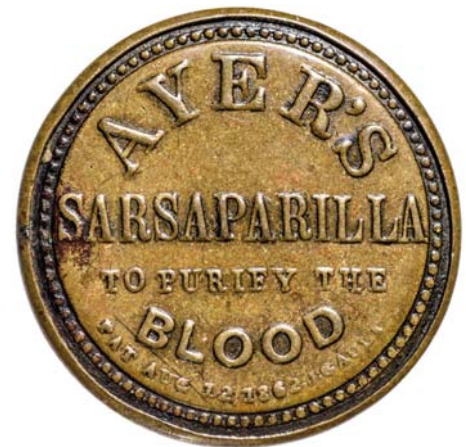
The use of postage stamps also had many inherent problems. They were printed on paper that was ill suited for use as currency. They had glue on the backs which easily stuck to almost everything including wallets and pockets. Some people would enclose them in envelopes or past them to card, but both also had major problems.

John Gault entered the scene and patented his postage stamp case on Aug. 12, 1862. Encased postage was a stamp encased within a brass case with the opening or view port covered with a clear mica. There was also a small piece of cardboard used as a backing for the stamp. All of this was assembled by a modified button machine with the final product about the size of a quarter. Lettering used for advertising was applied to the back or embossed into the metal. Some early examples were silvered but this was soon abandoned as it was expensive and wore off quickly.

The stamps used were newly printed in 1861/2 and made to differentiate them from any pre-confederacy stamps still in circulation

The stamps used by Gault for his encased postage are as follows:

1 Cent Blue Franklin 1861	Scott-63
3 Cent Rose Washington 1861	Scott-65
5 Cent Red-Brown Jefferson 1862	Scott-75
10 Cent Yellow-Green Washington 1861	Scott-68
12 Cent Black Washington 1861	Scott-69
24 Cent Red-Lilac Washington 1862	Scott-70
30 Cent Orange Franklin 1861	Scott-71
90 Cent Blue Washington 1861	Scott-72



There is a single known example using a Yellow-Brown 5 cent Scott-67. Other extreme exceptions may exist.

As far as merchants are concerned over 30 different merchants advertised using these encasements. J.C. Ayers Company purchased over 25% of all the encased postage stamps produced. The total output is estimated to be

about 200,000 examples.

The merchant cost for purchasing these encasements was relatively high, about 2 cents or 20% above the stamps face value. This probably limited their use and their relatively quick demise. Also, a shortage of stamps occurred further impacting the manufacture of additional encased postage. The encased postage circulated through the middle of 1863, which was slightly less than a year.

Congress passed a bill authorizing “Fractional Currency” in March of 1863 which was the final nail in the coffin for Encased Postage.

Today collecting of encased postage is quite popular and relatively few examples have survived. It has been reported that at the time of their demise many were destroyed by dismantling the case and removing the stamp for monetary purposes. There have been several large collections of encased postage sold, most recently at Kagin’s ANA sale which consisted of 145 different varieties. A complete variety collection would consist of 238 pieces which has never been accomplished and probably never will. Multiple issues are unique or known by only a handful of specimens.

In conclusion, the collecting of encased postage usually consists of a single type piece or a small group of representative types. Even a complete denomination set is a challenge as the higher denominations are very elusive if not downright rare. The majority of survivors are 1, 3, or 5 cent denominations.



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Coin Quiz

There are many coins which can be identified as to the exact date and mint just by observing specific details on the coin. Even with the date and mintmark blurred out numismatists have amazing abilities to identify coins. Variety specialists are especially astute at this. For this month's quiz I have put a slight twist on identifying coins. Instead of trying to identify the exact date & mint, shown will be a coin and you must select the correct date range that it was minted in.

1. Shown is the reverse of a Seated Half. What is the date range it was minted?

A) 1839-1865

B) 1866-1891

C) 1855-1865

D) 1870-1878



2. What is the date range of the Indian Cent shown?

A) 1859-1864

B) 1859-1886

C) 1887-1909

D) 1886-1909



3. Here is a Half Dime, what were the dates that it was minted?

A) 1837-1859

B) 1829-1837

C) 1837-1873

D) 1860-1873



4. A Double Eagle is shown here, what were the dates that it was minted?

A) 1849-1886

B) 1877-1907

C) 1850-1876

D) 1886-1876



5. This Bust Half Dollar was minted during what date range?

(SUPER BONUS)

A) 1807-1815

B) 1820-1836

C) 1836-1839

D) 1817-1836



BOOK REVIEW

Patriotic Civil War Tokens 1861-1865 6th Edition

Edited by Susan Trask

I acquired this book directly from the author at the recent Layton UT coin show. It was released only a month ago and Susan reports very brisk sales.

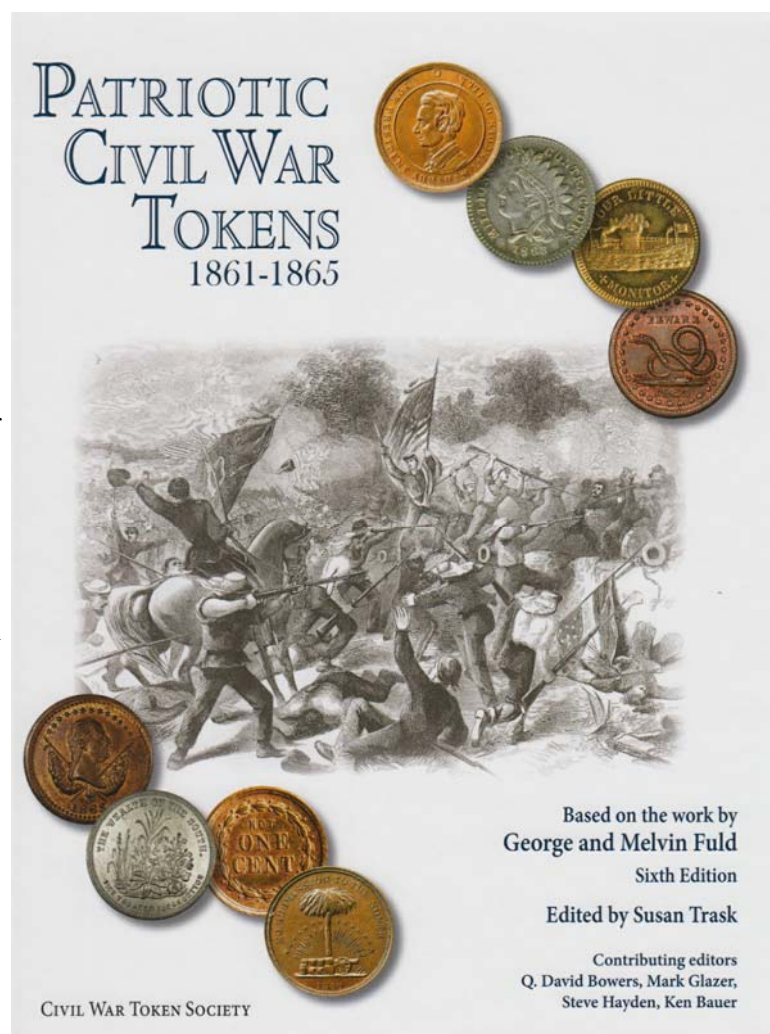
It is an excellent book for anyone interested in these fascinating relics from the Civil War. There have been several books written regarding Civil War Tokens but generally I have had only a lukewarm response to many of them. They have been somewhat difficult to follow and understand all the subtle differences of the many tokens out there. Susan has done an excellent job in, at least for me who is a novice in this subject, in clearing up any questions and making it very easy to understand all the information. For this edition all currently known tokens are illustrated in full color with virtually all shown in high grade or uncirculated with original color for all known die pairings. Metal in which they were struck and listing of reverse dies are clearly noted as well as a 1-10 rarity scale is included.

The book also includes a chapter entitled "The Civil War and Money" which is a brief history of the time and politics with their effect on commerce.

Another very interesting topic is regarding counterfeit tokens which were created beginning in the 1960's and yes, modern day counterfeits with information about Chinese fakes.

This book covers all of the above plus much more which I believe will be of interest not only to the advanced collector of these tokens but someone who owns a small collection and enjoys history.

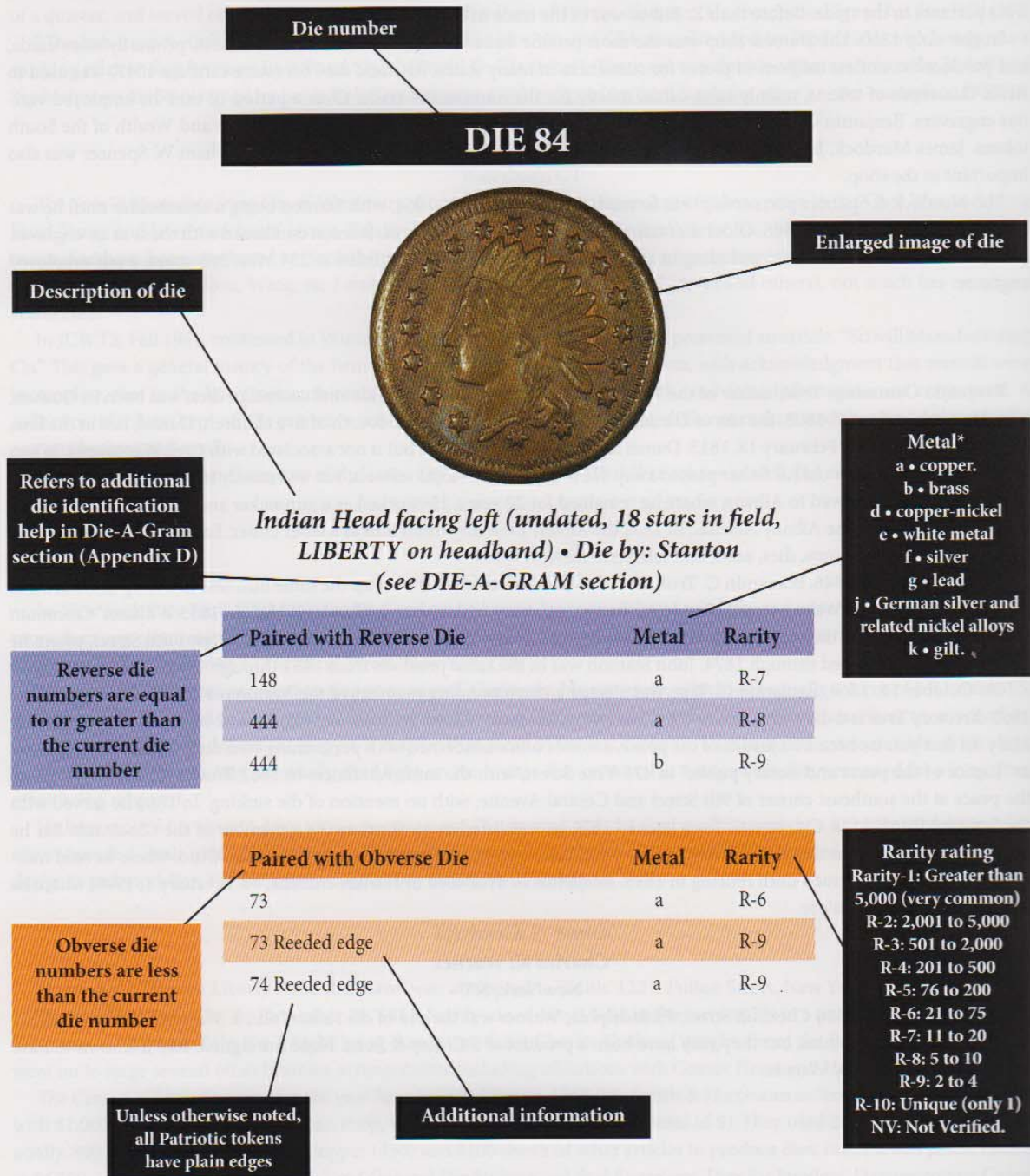
The book is available directly through the Civil War Token Society and perhaps other internet sites and sells for \$45. It is published in full color on high quality glossy paper in a 8 1/2 x 11 format. It is hardcover and consists of 327 pages. A very nice book to add to your library.



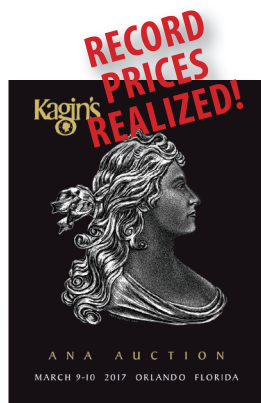
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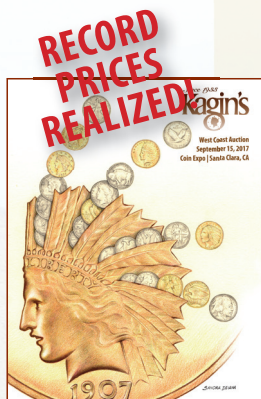
SAMPLE DIE DESCRIPTION AND CHART



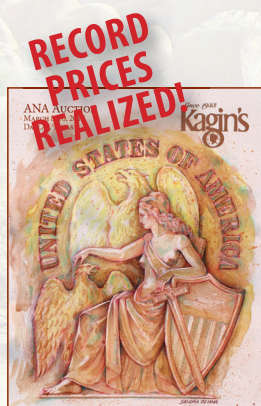
* As a general rule copper and brass tokens rated R-1 to R-6 were made for circulation. Many of these are very common in worn grades but are condition rarities MS-63 or higher. In contrast, nearly all copper-nickel, white metal, German silver, and silver tokens, generally listed as R-7 to R-10, are usually seen in varying degrees of Mint State.



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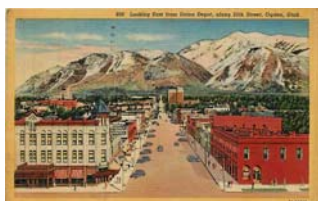


Got Stamps?



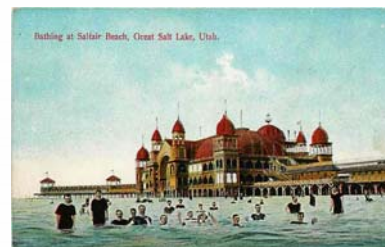
Old letters – Old postcards?

Do you have an old collection or accumulation of stuff that you don't know what to do with? ***I can help!*** Call me to discuss what items you have. Whether you just want to know what the value is or if you want to sell them. We can discuss what options you have to dispose of your items or I can give you a free verbal appraisal based on the current market value. Either way you will know what you have and can then make intelligent decisions as to what to do with it. Give me a call. It will be worth your time.



Dave Blackhurst

801-580-9534



Editors Message

Doug Nyholm

Spring appears to have finally arrived. I've mowed my yard and bagged 20 bags of yard trash and my arms, back and legs feel it. I missed last months club meeting but hope to be in attendance for May. I hope to see you all then!

I was digging in my garden as I mentioned above, and my clippers got jammed. I looked at the blades and there was a Lincoln cent stuck between them. Just a common coin, not even a wheatie. It reminded me of years ago when I was digging in my garden in California and a silver Walking Liberty half got unearthed and was laying there in front of me. Kind of a neat surprise. It was from the '40s and was XF until my spade put a small scratch in it. It would be interesting to hear of any members who have, either, while digging, or even metal detecting found any treasures. Let me know and hopefully if I hear from you I will print your finds in the next Mint Master.



I searched the internet for treasure and as you can imagine there are pages of listings. I selected one stating that the following selections were some of the Most valuable ever found. All of these were from Europe but there have been some fantastic finds here in the U.S. also. For example, the recent Saddle Ridge hoard of gold coins in northern California valued at over \$10 million. So don't give up. There is still the Lost Dutchman mine in Arizona and bunches of others.

Below are some details from fantastic finds found in Europe.

Your Editor

Doug Nyholm

7 of the biggest treasure troves ever found.



The Cruedale Hoard was found in 1840 near Preston England. Its value is estimated at \$3.2 million and consisted of over 8600 pieces of Viking treasure.

The Caesarea Sunken Treasure was recently found in 2015. It was off the coast of Israel and consisted of over 2000 gold coins minted between the 10th and 12th centuries. So far its value is considered priceless.





The Staffordshire hoard was found in 2009 and valued at approx.. \$4.1 million. A metal detectorist found over 3500 items, mostly military, near Staffordshire England.



The Panagyurishte treasure was found in 1949 in Bulgaria. Two brothers were digging for clay at a tile factory and began unearthing a fabulous treasure of gold items. It is considered priceless.



The Bactrian gold found in 1978 is also considered priceless. It was found at Tillial Type in six burial grounds and consisted of over 20,000 gold ornaments.



The Hoxne Hoard was discovered in 1992. Its value has been estimated at \$3.8 million. A farmer lost his hammer in a field in England and with a metal detector found this treasure dating from the 4th or 5th century



The Sroda Treasure found circa 1985-1988 and has an estimated value of \$120 million. It was discovered while demolishing a building in Sroda Slaska in Poland. There were over 3000 coins as well as gold artifacts.

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MEMBER ANA-UNS-OCC-SPMC-FCCB

E-MAIL MULLERRALPH@GMAIL.COM

BUY—SELL—APPRAISE COINS & CURRENCY



MAJESTIC COINS

BUY - SELL - TRADE - APPRAISE

SILVER / GOLD / COPPER

COINS & STAMPS



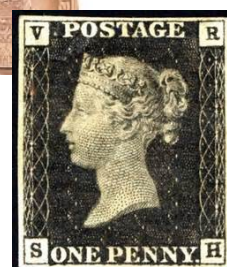
MICHAEL HANSEN

4696 S. HOLIDAY BLVD (2300 E)

SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84117

(801)-278-8500

E-Mail: majestic@nf100.com



PRIZES FOR MAY

Promptness Prize - 1982 S Wash. Comm. ½

Junior Prize - Hong Kong Coin Set

Member Prize - 1960 proof Frank. ½ PF65

The Buy of the month is:

UNS Birthday prizes



- 1- Wartime Coin frame set**
- 2- 1971 S Jeff. PF66 slab**
- 3- 1927 D Peace \$**
- 4- 1967 SMS set**
- 5- 1959 D BU Wash. 1/4**
- 6- 1923 P&D Peace dollar (DBLset)**
- 7- 1965 SMS set**
- 8- 1982 S Wash. Comm. ½**
- 9- 1996 W dime with case**
- 10- 1966 SMS set**
- 11- 2007 Adams \$ set**
- 12- 2007 Jeff. \$ set**
- 13- Sil Rd. & bronze Comm. silver**
- 14- 1958 D Wash. ¼**
- 15- 1922 and 1923 PEACE \$ (DBLset)**
- 16- nickel set misc.**
- 17- State quarters set**
- 18- donation prizes**

The Princess!!!

UTAH NUMISMATIC SOCIETY 2018 SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES AND EVENTS

May

Club Birthday

Medal Voting

June

Youth Night

July

UNS Picnic

August

Speaker—TBA

September

Club Auction

October

Upcoming Coin Show

Exhibit Tips

November

Elections

Show & Tell

December

UNS Christmas

Dinner



2018 OFFICERS & BOARD

OFFICERS

President	Larry Nielsen	801-870-2344
Vice President	Robie Cagle	801-831-8294
Treasurer	Tom Davis	801-487-8691
Secretary	Cindy Cagle	801-831-8280
Medals Chair.	Don Swain	801-652-0124
Curator	Bruce Griggs	801-703-4081
Newsletter	Doug Nyholm	801-918-9522
Bourse Chair	Bob Campbell	801-467-8636



BOARD MEMBERS

Collin Cagle	801-793-7769
Chris Larsen	801-300-9763
Phil Clark	801-523-9199
Robie Cagle	801-831-8294

(Mint Master Assistant Editor)

LaVar Burton	801-255-1629
Mike Rek	916-806-0923
Eliza Finnegan	Jr. Member



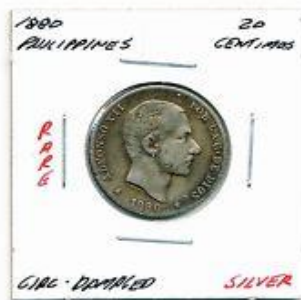
Hospitality Richard Blaylock & Lamar Kemp

YOUNG NUMISMATISTS

SUMMER VACATION IS A SPECTACULAR TIME FOR YOUNG NUMISMATISTS

As a young numismatist reading this article, you are probably jumping with joy at the thought of summer vacation. No early get ups, no homework to try and squeeze in each evening, no tests to study for, and almost three months of relative freedom to do whatever you want to have fun, fun, and more fun. Fishing, hunting, hiking, camping, family trips, and scouting all sound like fun summer activities, especially here in Utah. If you're not a young, youth age numismatist, the excitement of the youth has probably been overshadowed by anticipation, anxiety, and maybe even flashes of terror about the challenges this summer vacation may bring. But; for the UNS family, and especially our young collectors, June is a super month with two activities which might provide rewarding direction for the remainder of the summer.

Starting off the summer vacation is the annual UNS Youth Night program on June 12th, 2018, which is the focus of our regular club meeting for the evening.



This year, we will be working with foreign coins rather than Lincoln cents.



You will have the opportunity to identify and record country of origin, date, denomination, etc. You will also learn how to secure your coins in 2X2 archival safe vinyl flips or cardboard/mylar holders. The holders will require stapling and flattening of staple legs. Participants need to bring a stapler capable of stapling 10-12 pages and pliers to flatten the staple legs. There is no cost to youth participants and every youth will leave the meeting with a lot more coins and collecting supplies than they brought with them. Many of our young at heart older members and local coin dealers are very generous in supporting the UNS youth program. So, mark your calendar and bring a youth friend with you. It will be a fun filled experience.



Later in the month, there will be the 30th Annual Coin and Token Show on June 29th and June 30th at the Larry H. Miller Center on the Salt Lake Community College campus in Sandy, Utah. This is the same location/venue we use for our UNS show and this show is sponsored by the National Utah Token Society (NUTS). It's always a great show with lots of familiar dealers on the bourse floor and plenty of great numismatic material. ANACS is scheduled to attend.



July is also a great month for young collectors at the annual UNS family picnic. The picnic is scheduled for July 10th in Sugar House Park. Besides great food, young collectors are given the opportunity to search through sawdust for coins, tokens, medals and special chips which can be exchanged for a valuable coin. And again, like youth night, it cost youth nothing to participate and what you find is yours to keep.

I truly hope your summer this year is fun, refreshing, relaxing, and rewarding.

Phil Clark

Holabird Western Americana Collections, LLC

MAY 2018 AUCTION

AMERICANA, RAILROAD, MINING, & MORE

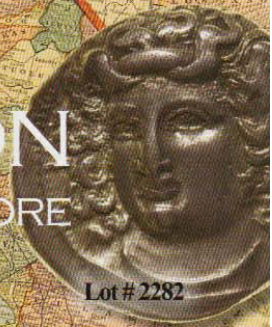
Live Auction
May 7-10, 2018
8am, PDT

Lot # 1178



Lot # 4220

Lot # 2282



Lot # 4133



Lot #1036



Lot #3223

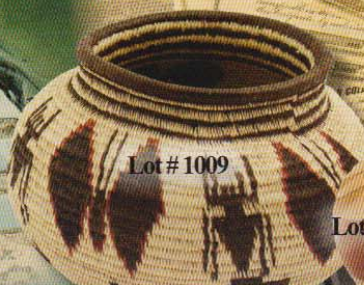


Lot # 4482

Lot # 1282



Lot # 1009



Lot # 1018



Lot # 2408



Lot # 2605

Holabird Western Americana Collections LLC.

www.FHWAC.com or call 775-851-1859

UNS Membership Application

Application for membership in the “Utah Numismatic Society”

P.O. Box 65054, Salt Lake City, UT 84165

Name(s) of Applicants: _____

Address: _____

E-Mail: _____

Phone Number: _____

Signature: _____

ANNUAL DUES

☐ \$30 Family

☐ \$20 Adult

☐ \$5 Junior / Under 18

Where & When we meet:

Second Tuesday of each month at 7:00 P.M.

Columbus Community Center / 2531 South 500 East, SLC, UT 84115

*By signing this application I
acknowledge that I have never
been convicted of a felony.*

The Utah Numismatic Society is now enjoying its 67th year serving collectors in Utah. We sponsor an annual coin show held in Sandy which you may have attended. Our monthly meetings are held on the second Tuesday in Salt Lake City. We have many knowledgeable as well as novice and beginning collectors in attendance every month.

Our monthly publication entitled “The Mint Master” contains interesting reading featuring articles such as the ‘Counterfeit Corner,’ ‘Book Reviews,’ ‘Young Numismatists,’ as well as many other numismatic news-worthy columns.

Our meetings include Bourse, Auctions, expert speakers as well as our annual “Youth Night” and “Summer Picnic.”

We invite you to attend one of our meetings held at the Columbus Community Center, 2350 S. 500 E., Salt Lake City.



Quiz answers

1-B (S Mint / No Motto)

2-B (Ty 1 Feather between I & C)

3-A (United States on Rev)

4-D (Twenty D. / With Motto)

5-A (Notch on Star 13 point;/ J. Reich)